

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE



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Short Description

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE case study

Description

Q1. In the second version of McKinsey's model called "the Central model" governance chain is represented by

- a. Well-developed equity market & dispersed ownership**
- b. Underdeveloped equity market & concentrated ownership**
- c. Well-developed equity market & concentrated ownership**
- d. Underdeveloped equity market & dispersed ownership**

Q2. Corporate governance refers to a combination of law, rules, regulations and

- a. Value**
- b. Wealth**
- c. Voluntary practices**
- d. Customer Satisfaction**

Q3. _____, is one of the major tools. Corporations use to direct persuasive communication to target buyers & the public.

- a. Advertising**
- b. Media**
- c. Press**
- d. None**

Q4. Policy adopted by the monetary authority with respect to the supply of money is called

- a. Monetary Policy**
- b. Fiscal Policy**
- c. Budgetary Policy**
- d. Economic Policy**

Q5. Cash reserve requirements refer to the

- a. Purchase & Sale of government securities & other approved securities by the Central bank.**
- b. Changes in bank rate by the Central Bank**
- c. That portion of bank's total cash reserves which they are statutorily required to hold with the RBI.**
- d. The particular level of liquid ity maintained by commercial banks.**

Q6. This committee was set up in January 1995 to identify good practices by the confederation of

British Industry (CBI)

- a. The Paul Ruthman Committee**
- b. The Greenbury Committee, 1995**
- c. Cadbury Committee, 1995**
- d. The Hampel Committee,1995**

Q7. _____, plays a significant role in the growth of the corporate sector by providing them finance for their Operations.

- a. Investors**
- b. Bank**
- c. Organization**
- d. None**

Q8. The first stock market scam was one which involved both the bond and equity markets in India.

- a. MNC's efforts at Consolidation of ownership, 1993**
- b. Vanishing Companies Scam, 1993-94**
- c. M. S. Shoes, 1994**
- d. Harshad Mehta scam, 1992**

Q9. Debt purchasers provide finance in return for a promised stream of payments & a variety of other covenants pertaining to corporate behavior, such as the value and risk of corporate assets. These are called

- a. Concentrated Debt**
- b. Diffused Debt**

- c. Creditor Incentives**
- d. Debt Collection**

Q10. A person having control over the direction, conduct, management or superintendence of then affairs of a company is called

- a. Director**
- b. Co- director**
- c. Board members**
- d. None**

Q11. A director who is not duly appointed but acts as a director is known as a

- a. Fraudulent Person**
- b. De Facto**
- c. De Jure**
- d. None**

Q12. This type of auditors are usually referred to as a CPA (Certified Public Accountants) firms

- a. Internal auditors**
- b. Independent auditors**
- c. Government auditors**
- d. None**

Q13. To introduce corporate governance practices in the banking sector the recommendations of the working group of directors of financial Institutions known as the

- a. Ganguly Group**
- b. Policy Implication**
- c. Government Control**
- d. Withdrawal effects**

Q14. It is a manipulative method where one buy the power or the influence of others persons in order to satisfy his selfish need.

- a. Coercion**
- b. Tax Evasion**
- c. Bribery**
- d. Insider Trading**

Q15. This model supports the idea of multiple interests of stakeholders rather than shareholders interest alone

- a. The Social Entity Theory**
- b. Trusteeship Model**
- c. The Pluralistic Model**
- d. Social Responsibility**

Q16. This policy was released in August by the Ministry of Environment & Forests (MOEF) for Public discussion

- a. The National Environment Policy, 2004**
- b. Draft Policy**
- c. Biodiversity Conservation**
- d. Forest & wildlife Conservation**

Q17. Out of the following which Committee appointed to examine all current Capital market regulations & to suggest amendments to them

- a. SEBI**
- b. Dhanuka Committee**
- c. Primary Market Reforms**
- d. None**

Q18. Out of the following which one sentence is the true

- a. It lays down the framework for creating long-term trust between companies & the external provides of capital**
- b. It rationalizes the management and monitoring of risks a firm faces globally**
- c. It does not limits the liability of the top management 7 directors by carefully articulating the decision making process**
- d. It never ensures the integrity of financial reports.**

Q19. Out of the following which is the responsibility of an Auditor

- a. Whether loans & advances made by the company on the basis of security have been properly secured.**
- b. Whether loans & advances made by the company have been shown as deposits.**
- c. Whether personal expenses have been charged to revenue account**
- d. He has to ensure that his work involves exercise of judgment.**

Q20. This theory assumes that managers are basically trustworthy and attach significant value to their own personal reputation

- a. Agency Theory**
- b. Stewardship Theory**
- c. Stakeholder Approaches**
- d. Sociological Theory**

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- 1. What is clause 49?**
- 2. Explain Board of Directors & Corporate Governance?**
 - 1. Banks are also using concept of Corporate Governance. Explain why Corporate Governance is widely used in Banks. Also state few sound Corporate Governance Practices.**
- 3. What is ethics & state why ethics is necessary in Business and also state the importance and need of business ethics?**

Details

- 1. Case study solved answers**
- 2. pdf/word**
- 3. Fully Solved with answers**